## IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows.

a silicon wafer substrate obtaining step of obtaining the silicon wafer substrate from the silicon crystal; and

an epitaxial growth step of forming the epitaxial growth layer on the silicon wafer substrate.

- 2. (currently amended) The silicon wafer production method according to claim 1, characterized in, in the silicon crystal production step, [making] controlling to make the temperature gradient G in the silicon crystal axis direction uniform [to within a given degree] between a center of the crystal and an edge of the crystal to such an extent that a region between the center of the crystal and the edge of the crystal does fall under the lower limit line (LN1) of the epitaxial defect-free region ( $\alpha$ 2).
  - 3. (currently amended) The silicon wafer production method according to claim 2,

characterized in, in the silicon crystal production step, applying a magnetic field to a silicon melt from which the silicon crystal is pulled, thereby [making] controlling to make the temperature gradient G in the silicon crystal axis direction uniform [to within a given degree] between the center of the crystal and the edge of the crystal.

- 4. (currently amended) The silicon wafer production method according to claim 2, characterized in, in the silicon crystal production step, bringing the silicon melt from which the silicon crystal is pulled to a magnetic field-free state and controlling the number of rotations of the silicon crystal, thereby [making] controlling to make the temperature gradient G in the silicon crystal axis direction uniform [to within a given degree] between the center of the crystal and the edge of the crystal.
- 5. (currently amended) The silicon wafer production method according to claim 2, characterized in, in the silicon crystal production step, bringing the silicon melt from which the silicon crystal is pulled to a magnetic field-free state and controlling the number of rotations of a quartz crucible holding the silicon melt, thereby [making] controlling to make the temperature gradient G in the silicon crystal axis direction uniform [to within a given degree] between the center of the crystal and the edge of the crystal.
- 6. (original) The silicon wafer production method according to claim 1, characterized in, in the silicon crystal production step, controlling the oxygen concentration in the silicon crystal to no more than 12.5 atoms/cm<sup>3</sup>.
- 7. (original) The silicon wafer production method according to claim 2, characterized in, in the silicon crystal production step, controlling the oxygen concentration in the silicon crystal to no more than 12.5 atoms/cm<sup>3</sup>.
  - 8. (currently amended) A method for producing a silicon wafer, comprising: controlling a boron concentration in a silicon crystal and a growth condition V/G

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(where V is a growth rate, and G is a temperature gradient in a crystal axis direction) so as to

include at least an epitaxial defect region (\(\beta\)1) in which oxidation-induced stacking faults (OSF)

occur in a silicon wafer substrate and defects occur in an epitaxial growth layer;

performing heat treatment on the silicon crystal; and

controlling [the silicon crystal heat treatment conditions and] the oxygen

concentration in the silicon crystal no more than 12.5 atoms/cm<sup>3</sup> so that no OSF nuclei develop

into OSFs.

9. (origional) A method for producing a silicon wafer, comprising:

a silicon crystal production step of producing a silicon crystal while controlling a

boron concentration in the silicon crystal and a growth condition V/G (where V is a growth rate,

and G is a temperature gradient in a crystal axis direction) so as to fall in the vicinity of a lower

limit line (LN3) within an epitaxial defect-free region (\alpha1) in which void defects occur in a

silicon wafer substrate and an epitaxial growth layer is free of defects;

a silicon wafer substrate obtaining step of obtaining the silicon wafer substrate

from the silicon crystal; and

an epitaxial growth step of forming a thin-film epitaxial growth layer of no more

than 2  $\mu$ m on the silicon wafer substrate.

10. (original) The silicon wafer production method according to claim 9,

characterized in, in the silicon crystal production step, controlling the oxygen concentration in

the silicon crystal to no more than 12.5 atoms/cm<sup>3</sup>.

Respectfully submitted,

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